

# **MODULE SPECIFICATION**

Academie Veer /streders				
Academic Year (student	2022 24			
cohort covered by	2023-24			
specification)				
Module Code	2497			
Module Title	Survival Analysis			
Module Organiser(s)	Prof Ruth Keogh, Dr Aurelien Belot			
Faculty	Epidemiology & Population Health			
FHEQ Level	Level 7			
Credit Value	<b>CATS:</b> 15			
	<b>ECTS:</b> 7.5			
HECoS Code	101031 : 101030 : 101034			
Term of Delivery	Term 2			
Mode of Delivery	This module will be delivered by predominantly face-to-face			
	teaching modes.			
	Where specific teaching methods (lectures, seminars,			
	discussion groups) are noted in this module specification			
	these will be delivered by predominantly face-to-face			
	sessions. There will be a combination of live and interactive			
	activities (synchronous learning) as well as self-directed study			
	(asynchronous learning).			
Mode of Study	Full-time			
Language of Study	English			
Pre-Requisites	A good understanding of linear regression (including multiple linear regression models with interaction terms), logistic regression [taught concurrently on module 2462: Statistical Models for Discrete Outcomes], likelihoods and maximum likelihood estimation, and simple methods of analysing quantitative and categorical data is essential.			
	Have attended term-1 MSc Medical Statistics modules and are attending or have attended module 2462: Statistical Models for Discrete Outcomes, or have equivalent knowledge. Familiarity with Stata or R is needed.			
Accreditation by	None			
Professional Statutory				
and Regulatory Body				



Module Cap (indicative	35 (numbers may be capped due to limitations in facilities or			
number of students)	staffing)			
Target Audience	This module is intended for people with both mathematical (up to first year undergraduate level) and statistical backgrounds (undergraduate degree level in joint mathematics/statistics for example) intending to pursue a career in medical statistics.			
Module Description	Survival analysis methods are widely used in medical statistics, epidemiology, data science and beyond to study outcomes which are the time to occurrence of an event, and how that time-to-event may be affected by or associated with individual characteristics or exposures. Specialised methods are needed to study time-to-event outcomes. This module equips students with the knowledge and practical skills needed to analyse time-to-event data to address questions in medical research, and to interpret the findings.  The module is assessed through an analysis and reporting exercise.			
Duration	5 weeks at 2.5 days per week			
Timetabling slot	Slot C2			
Last Revised (e.g. year	June 2023			
changes approved)				

Programme(s)	Status
This module is linked to the following programme(s)	
MSc Medical Statistics	Compulsory

# **Module Aim and Intended Learning Outcomes**

## Overall aim of the module

The overall module aim is to:

• equip students with the necessary skills to (i) understand the principles underlying statistical models and methods for survival/time-to-event outcomes, (ii) analyse data with time-to-event outcomes to address research questions in medical statistics.



## **Module Intended Learning Outcomes**

Upon successful completion of the module a student will be able to:

- 1. Demonstrate an understanding of the theoretical basis of survival analysis and assumptions related to different survival analysis techniques and models.
- 2. Apply different techniques and models for description and analysis of survival data, interpret the findings, and make assessments of key assumptions.
- 3. Devise analysis strategies and apply methods to address questions about causal effects and risk prediction, and interpret the results.
- 4. Demonstrate an understanding of more advanced concepts in survival analysis, including competing risks and time-dependent covariates, and analyse data with these features.
- 5. Apply survival analysis methods to data from a range of sources in Stata and/or R.
- 6. Present results clearly and accurately in a structured report.

## **Indicative Syllabus**

#### **Session Content**

The module is expected to cover the following topics:

- Introduction to Survival Analysis concepts, including: censoring; functions used in the description and analysis of survival data, including hazard and survivor functions; rates and their estimation.
- Non-parametric analysis of survival data and comparison of survival probabilities between groups.
- The theory and use of parametric regression models for survival data (exponential, Weibull, log-logistic).
- The Cox proportional hazards model.
- Approaches to allowing for non-proportional hazards and model assessment.
- More advanced regression models for survival analysis such as flexible parametric, accelerated failure time and additive hazard models
- Concepts and analysis methods when there are competing risks.
- Handling of time-dependent variables
- Estimating treatment effects in trials and using observational data.
- Risk prediction modelling and validation
- More advanced models such as flexible parametric, accelerated failure time and additive hazard models.



## **Teaching and Learning**

## **Notional Learning Hours**

Type of Learning Time	Number of Hours	Expressed as Percentage (%)
Contact time	50	33
Directed self-study	30	20
Self-directed learning	20	14
Assessment, review and revision	50	33
Total	150	100

Student contact time refers to the tutor-mediated time allocated to teaching, provision of guidance and feedback to students. This time includes activities that take place in face-to-face contexts such as lectures, seminars, demonstrations, tutorials, supervised laboratory workshops, practical classes, project supervision as well as where tutors are available for one-to-one discussions and interaction by email.

The division of notional learning hours listed above is indicative and is designed to inform students as to the relative split between interactive and self-directed study.

## **Teaching and Learning Strategy**

The teaching and learning strategy is structured around a combination of live lectures accompanied by computer or non-computer practical sessions and question and answer sessions. Practical sessions ensure that students have the opportunity to apply the concepts and methods covered by lecture content. They provide students with "hands on" experience in analysing and interpreting data, using a range of data sets . Students are provided with detailed solutions to the tasks set in practical sessions, enabling them to check their understanding of the material. The assessment task, which comes towards the end of the module, is the point at which students demonstrate a consolidation of their learning across the whole module.

#### Assessment

### **Assessment Strategy**

The assessment will consist of an analysis of time-to-event data. Students will submit a report on their results and interpretation. Resit/deferred/new attempts - The tasks will be similar to the original assessment although the data set to be analysed will be different.



#### **Summative Assessment**

Assessment Type	Assessment Length (i.e. Word Count, Length of presentation in minutes)	Weighting (%)	Intended Module Learning Outcomes Tested
Coursework	4-5 pages	100	1 – 5

### **Resitting assessment**

Resits will accord with the LSHTM's Resits Policy

Resit/deferred/new attempts - The task will be a data analysis report. The next assessment deadline for coursework will be during mid/late September of the current academic year.

#### Resources

## Indicative reading list

### **Survival Analysis:**

Collett D (2003): "Modelling Survival Data in Medical Research"

Cox DR and Oakes D (1984): "Analysis of survival data"

Marubini and Valsecchi (1995): "Analysing Survival Data from Clinical Trials and Observational Studies"

Machin D., Cheung Y.B. and Parmar M.K.B: "Survival Analysis. A practical approach (2006). Aalen, Borgan, Gjessing. (2008) "Survival and Event History Analysis". Springer

#### Other resources

Extensive lecture notes, exercises and practical exercises are provided. Module Information can be found on the Virtual Learning Environment (MOODLE) containing information about each session and key references for the module.



## **Teaching for Disabilities and Learning Differences**

The module-specific site on Moodle gives students access to lecture notes and copies of the slides used during the lecture. Where appropriate, lectures are recorded and made available on Moodle. All materials posted on Moodle, including computer-based sessions, have been made accessible where possible.

LSHTM Moodle is accessible to the widest possible audience, regardless of specific needs or disabilities. More detail can be found in the <u>Moodle Accessibility Statement</u> which can also be found within the footer of the Moodle pages. All students have access to "SensusAccess" software which allows conversion of files into alternative formats.

Student Support Services can arrange learning or assessment adjustments for students where needed. Details and how to request support can be found on the <u>LSHTM Disability Support pages</u>.