



MODULE SPECIFICATION

Academic Year (student	2023-24		
cohort covered by			
specification)			
Module Code	GHM103		
Module Title	Environmental Change and Global Health Policy		
Module Organiser(s)	Sue Campbell		
Faculty	Public Health & Policy: London School of Hygiene & Tropical		
	Medicine		
FHEQ Level	Level 7		
Credit Value	CATS 15		
	ECTS 7.5		
HECoS Code	100648:101317:101048		
Mode of Delivery	Distance Learning		
Mode of Study	Directed self-study, through online materials via the Virtual		
	Learning Environment		
Language of Study	English		
Pre-Requisites	None		
Accreditation by	None		
Professional Statutory			
and Regulatory Body			
Module Cap (Maximum	None		
number of students)			
Target Audience	This module is compulsory for the PGCert/PGDip/MSc Global		
	Health Policy by Distance Learning, and can also be taken as		
	a standalone module. Practitioners and researchers wishing		
	to understand the links between health and		
	environment/climate and the role of policy processes and		
	actors in the quest for sustainable development.		
Module Description	Environmental changes may undermine some of the		
	scientific, technological and social progress that led to a large		
	increase in global life expectancy observed in the 20th		
	century. In this module, we discuss the links between human		
	health and policies to address environmental change.		
	Recognizing and understanding the impact of the		
	environment on people and that of people on the		
	environment is crucial when developing actions and health		
	policy responses at the local and global level.		

Duration	Moodle is open to access from 2nd October. Students then		
	plan their own studies between October and June.		
Last Revised (e.g. year	April 2023		
changes approved)			

Programme(s) This module is linked to the following programme(s)	Status
PGCert/PGDip/MSc Global Health Policy (Distance Learning - University of London Worldwide)	Compulsory
PGDip/MSc Demography and Health (Distance Learning – University of London Worldwide)	Elective

Module Aim and Intended Learning Outcomes

Overall aim of the module

The overall module aim is to:

• introduce students to basic principles in environment, health and sustainable development and the importance of the interaction between them for global health policy.

Module Intended Learning Outcomes

Upon successful completion of the module a student will be able to:

- 1. demonstrate the links between health, environment and sustainable development;
- 2. explain equity and sustainability as central principles in environmental health;
- 3. describe the different forms of risk transition and differences in the pattern of risk factors and diseases within and between countries and over time;
- 4. identify the impact of environmental quality on health, including air, energy, urbanisation, and biodiversity;
- 5. evaluate global environmental changes in terms of health impacts and causes;
- 6. consider associated health policy responses and implications.

Indicative Syllabus

Session Content

The module is expected to cover the following topics:

Section 1

The links between health, environment and sustainable development, and equity and sustainability as central principles in environmental change. This section introduces the concepts of:

- Environment
- Health

Session Content

- Sustainable development
- Planetary health and global health policy

Section 2

The different forms of risk transition and the impact of environmental quality on health, including:

- How environmental quality affects health
- How human activity impacts environmental quality, focusing on key topics including energy, biodiversity, the urban environment and outdoor air pollution.

Section 3

Global environmental changes, planetary health and the context of sustainable development and global health policy implications, including:

- The challenges of sustainable development and environmental health at global, national and local levels
- The causes and impact of environmental issues
- Analysis of the associated policy considerations.

Teaching and Learning

Notional Learning Hours

Type of Learning Time	Number of Hours	Expressed as Percentage (%)
Directed self-study	72	48
Self-directed learning	28	19
Assessment, review and revision	50	33
Total	150	100

Teaching and Learning Strategy

Learning is self-directed against a detailed set of learning objectives using the materials provided. Module tutors provide asynchronous support for students by replying to students' questions in open online discussion forums and facilitating discussion. Students are also strongly encouraged to participate in live webinars available on Moodle to obtain tutor support, and to make use of LSHTM online library resources. In addition, written feedback is provided on submitted formative assignments.

Assessment

Assessment Strategy

This module has a combination of formative and summative assessments.

The formative assessment (FA) is in the form of an assignment that can be submitted only once annually. The assignment aims to help students evaluate their ability to understand and analyse links between health, the environment and sustainable development in a theoretical, empirical and policy context covering most of the intended learning outcomes of the module. The assignment is graded and a detailed feedback is provided. Please note that this grade does not count towards the student's final grade.

Formal assessment of this module consists of a time-limited assessment which will account for 100% of the student's final grade.

Summative Assessment

Assessment Type	Assessment Length (i.e. Word Count, Length of presentation in minutes)	Weighting (%)	Intended Module Learning Outcomes Tested
time-limited assessment	ТВС	100	1 – 6

Formative assignments for this module can be submitted only once annually, no later than **14 February** and must be submitted via the online Assignment Management System.

Time-limited assessments for DL modules are held once a year, mostly in June (including resits).

Assessments are held in accordance with University of London's annual guidance.

Please note that a separate assessment fee may be payable in addition to the module fee. Further details will be communicated as soon as the final decisions are known.

Resitting assessment

Resits will follow the LSHTM Resits Policy, which is published at the start of each academic year. The current policy can be found here: <u>Resits Policy</u>.

Resources

Indicative reading list

- 1. Hutchinson E, Kovats S, eds. (2016) *Environment, Health and Sustainable Development*. Second edition. Maidenhead: Open University Press.
- 2. Walt G, Shiffman J, Schneider H, Murray S, Brugha R, Gilson L. (2008) "Doing" health policy analysis: methodological and conceptual reflections and challenges. *Health Policy Plan* 23(5): 308-317.
- 3. Rojas-Rueda D, de Nazelle A, Teixidó O, Nieuwenhuijsen MJ. (2012) Replacing car trips by increasing bike and public transport in the greater Barcelona metropolitan area: A health impact assessment study. *Environment International*. 49: 100-109.
- 4. Ezzati M, Webster CJ, Doyle YG, Rashid S, Owusu G, Leung GM. (2018) Cities for global health. *BMJ*. 363: k3794.
- 5. Franco M, Bilal U, Diez-Roux AV. (2015) Preventing non-communicable diseases through structural changes in urban environments. *Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health*. 69(6): 509.
- 6. Watts N, Adger WN, Agnolucci P, et al. (2015) Health and climate change: policy responses to protect public health. *The Lancet*. 386(10006): 1861-1914.
- 7. Waage J, Yap C, Bell S, et al. (2015) Governing the UN Sustainable Development Goals: interactions, infrastructures, and institutions. *The Lancet Global Health*. 3(5): e251-e252.
- 8. Griggs D, Stafford-Smith M, Gaffney O, et al. (2013) Sustainable development goals for people and planet. *Nature*. 495: 305.
- 9. McMichael A. (2014) Population Health in the Anthropocene: Gains, Losses and Emerging Trends. *The Anthropocene Review*. 1(1): 44-56.
- IPCC, 2014: Climate Change 2014: Mitigation of Climate Change. Contribution of Working Group III to the Fifth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change. [Edenhofer, O., R. Pichs-Madruga, Y. Sokona, E. Farahani, S. Kadner, K. Seyboth, A. Adler, I. Baum, S. Brunner, P. Eickemeier, B. Kriemann, J. Savolainen, S. Schlömer, C. von Stechow, T. Zwickel and J.C. Minx (eds.)]
- 11. UN (2022). The sustainable development goals report 2022

Other resources

A full list of essential, recommended and further reading is given for each session.

Teaching for Disabilities and Learning Differences

The LSHTM Moodle has been made accessible to the widest possible audience, using a VLE that allows for up to 300% zoom, permits navigation via keyboard and use of speech recognition software, and that allows listening through a screen reader.

For students with special needs, reasonable adjustments and support can be arranged – details and how to request support can be found on the <u>Inclusive Practice/Access</u> <u>Arrangements page</u> of the London website.