



# MODULE SPECIFICATION

Academic Year (student	2022-2023			
cohort covered by	2022-2023			
specification)				
Module Code	GHM204			
Module Title	Law and Global Health Policy			
Module Organiser(s)	Rachel Hammonds			
Faculty	Public Health & Policy: London School of Hygiene & Tropical			
	Medicine			
FHEQ Level	Level 7			
Credit Value	CATS 15 ECTS 7.5			
HECoS Code	100485 : 100681			
Mode of Delivery	Distance Learning			
Mode of Study	Directed self-study, through online materials via the Virtual Learning			
	Environment			
Language of Study	English			
Pre-Requisites	PG Diploma and MSc students taking this module need to have			
	successfully completed at least 3 of the core GHP modules – GHM			
	101, 102, 103 or 104.			
	Individual module students, London-based MSc students or registered			
	research degree students wishing to take this module are expected to			
	have working understanding of materials and key concepts covered in			
	GHM 102 The politics of global health policy.			
Accreditation by Professional	None			
Statutory and Regulatory				
Body Module Cap (Maximum	None			
number of students)	None			
number of students)				
Target Audience	Elective module for students on DL MSc/PGDip Global Health Policy			
	programme. The module is also available as a stand-alone individual			
	module for anyone interested in developing a critical understanding of			
	the relationship between law and public health, and how law can be			
M. I.I. D	used as a tool to protect and promote public health.			
Module Description	This module introduces students to the role of law, both national and			
	international, as a tool of global health policy. It focuses on developing			
	understanding of the relationship between law and global health policy.			
	It examines how law is employed to address key global health policy			
	challenges and equips students to assess how law can positively or			
Duration	negatively affects health.  Moodle is open to access from 3rd October. Students then plan their			
	own studies between October and June. Examinations are held in the			
	first three weeks of June.			
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Last Revised (e.g. year	March 2022
changes approved)	

Status
Elective

# **Module Aim and Intended Learning Outcomes**

#### Overall aim of the module

The overall module aim is to:

• introduce students to the role of law, both national and international, as a tool of global health policy enabling them to assess how and when law can advance global health policy goals.

# **Module Intended Learning Outcomes**

Upon successful completion of the module a student will be able to:

- 1. Demonstrate a basic understanding of national and international law, including its sources and implementation in a variety of contexts;
- 2. Critically assess the role of national and international law in protecting and promoting or negatively affecting health;
- 3. Compare diverse legal/regulatory frameworks relating to health;
- 4. Critically discuss the relationship between global health policy issues and diverse legal/regulatory frameworks.

# **Indicative Syllabus**

# **Session Content**

The module is expected to cover the following topics:

- Introduction to law and global health policy;
- Introduction to national law;
- Introduction to international law;
- National law and healthcare;
- National law and the determinants of health (other than health care);
- National law and infectious disease control (national 'public health law');
- International law and infectious disease control (the International Health Regulations);
- International law and the determinants of health I (the Framework Convention on Tobacco Control):
- International law and the determinants of health II (the Framework Convention on Climate Change);
- International law and healthcare I (the Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights);
- International law and healthcare II (The International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights).

# **Teaching and Learning**

**Notional Learning Hours** 

Type of Learning Time	<b>Number of Hours</b>	Expressed as Percentage (%)		
Directed self-study	66	44		
Self-directed learning	34	23		
Assessment, review and revision	50	33		
Total	150	100		

#### **Teaching and Learning Strategy**

Learning is self-directed against a detailed set of learning objectives using the materials provided. Module tutors provide asynchronous support for students by replying to students' questions in open online discussion forums and facilitating discussion. Students are also strongly encouraged to participate in live webinars available on Moodle to obtain tutor support, and to make use of LSHTM online library resources. In addition, written feedback is provided on submitted formative assignments.

#### Assessment

# **Assessment Strategy**

Formal assessment of this module includes a written (2000 word) assessed assignment (30%) and a final two-hour unseen written examination (70%).

For the AA the students focus on national law and global health policy by focusing on the legislation of a particular country. The AA focuses on Learning Outcomes 1, 2 (focus on national law). Written feedback is provided for the AA allowing students to build on the skills and knowledge that is tested in the AA for the exam.

For the final exam the students focus on international law and global health policy. The exam focuses on Learning Outcomes 3,4 but requires the student to apply their learning across the whole of the module.

# **Summative Assessment**

Assessment Type	<b>Assessment Length</b>	Weighting	Intended Module
	(i.e. Word Count, Length of	(%)	Learning Outcomes
	presentation in minutes)		Tested
Assessed Assignment	2000 words	30	1,2
Exam	2 hours	70	3,4

The assessed assignment for this module can be submitted only once annually, no later than 31 March and must be submitted via the online Assignment Management System.

Timed examinations for DL modules are held once a year, in June (including resits). Examinations in 2022/23 will either be taken in a student's country of residence in one of over 650 examination centres worldwide or will be held online. If the June 2023 module exam is held at a local examination centre, a local fee will be payable direct to the exam centre. This fee will be in addition to the module fee and is set by, and paid directly to, the individual examination centre. The level of local examination centre fees varies across the world and neither the University of London nor the LSHTM have any control over the fee amount. If the June 2023 module exam is held online, no additional exam entry fee will be payable. (Note that for those resitting module assessments, a fee will be payable.)

# Resitting assessment

Resits will follow the LSHTM Resits Policy, which is published at the start of each academic year. The current policy can be found here: Resits Policy.

# **Resources**

# **Indicative reading list**

Bodansky, D., Brunnée, J., & Rajamani, L. (2017). *International climate change law*. Oxford University Press.

Davies, S. E., Kamradt-Scott, A., & Rushton, S. (2015). *Disease diplomacy: International norms and global health security*. JHU Press.

Dietz, W. H., Benken, D. E., & Hunter, A. S. (2009). Public health law and the prevention and control of obesity. *The Milbank Quarterly*, 87(1), 215-227.

Gostin, L. O., & Wiley, L. F. (2016). *Public health law: power, duty, restraint (3<sup>rd</sup> edition)*. Univ of California Press. (Chapter 1: A Theory and Definition of Public Health Law).

Mandela, N. (1994). Long Walk to Freedom. Little, Brown.

Ooms, G., & Hammonds, R. (2018). The Human Right to Health and Global Health Politics. In *The Oxford Handbook of Global Health Politics*. Oxford University Press.

Perehudoff, K., & 't Hoen, E. (2018) Human rights and intellectual property for universal access to new essential medicines. In: Equitable access to high-cost pharmaceuticals, Babar Z. (ed.). Elsevier Academic Press

Randall, M., & Venkatesh, V. (2015). The Right to No: The Crime of Marital Rape, Women's Human Rights, and International Law. *Brook. J. Int'l L.*, 41, 153.

Roemer, R., Taylor, A., & Lariviere, J. (2005). Origins of the WHO framework convention on tobacco control. *American Journal of Public Health*, 95(6), 936-938.

Sekalala, S. (2017). Soft Law and Global Health Problems: Lessons from Responses to HIV/AIDS, Malaria and Tuberculosis. Cambridge University Press.

Tobin, J. (2012). The right to health in international law. Oxford University Press.

Verani, A. R., Emerson, C. N., Lederer, P., Lipke, G., Kapata, N., Lanje, S., ... & Miller, B. (2016). The role of the law in reducing tuberculosis transmission in Botswana, South Africa and Zambia. *Bulletin of the World Health Organization*, 94(6), 415.

Wong, H. (2020) The case for compulsory licensing during COVID-19. J Glob Health, 10(1) 010358.

#### Other resources

A full list of essential, recommended and further reading is given for each session.

# **Teaching for Disabilities and Learning Differences**

The LSHTM Moodle has been made accessible to the widest possible audience, using a VLE that allows for up to 300% zoom, permits navigation via keyboard and use of speech recognition software, and that allows listening through a screen reader.

For students with special needs, reasonable adjustments and support can be arranged – details and how to request support can be found on the <u>Inclusive Practice/Access Arrangements page</u> of the London Worldwide website.